# Optimising feedback for growth in psychosocial skills

Nicolas Bressoud

Philippe Gay

Elena Lucciarini

### Introduction

#### Context

- Challenges in developing psychosocial skills in schools (Durlak et al., 2022; Luis & Lamboy, 2015)
- Educational policies in Western Switzerland (Conférence Intercantonale de l'Instruction Publique de la Suisse Romande et du Tessin, 2024)
- Promising role of feedback in learning (Wisniewski et al., 2020)

Need for tools to give effective feedback and develop teachers' and students' transversal skills

### **Objectives**

- Development of a tool to stimulate students' transversal and academic skills
- Teachers for students with special needs' evaluated The Feedback Ruler

### The Feedback Ruler

### **Overview**

- Evidence based tool: research on feedback and self-determination theory (Deci & Ryan, 2012).
- Created in collaboration with educators / teachers / future teachers / teacher trainers

#### Literature review

**Objective:** finding what type of feedback enhances both academic skills and wellbeing

- Feedback + academic skills: Analysis of 64 articles, including 7 meta-analyses
- Feedback + well-being: Analysis of 12 studies

For further details, see Lucciarini (2020)

### In short

- A lot of literature
- A lot of different perspectives on how to define and apply feedback

  Focusing on areas of agreement across different perspectives "Consensus
  Elements"

## **Presentation**



## Feedback in 6 steps

Based on the synthesis by Lucciarini et al. (2022)

### **Summary**

- 1. Ensure proper timing
- 2. Discuss strengths
- 3. Highlight progress

- 4. Identify areas for improvement
- 5. Establish an action plan
- 6. Ask for the recipient's feelings

#### **Details**



## **Comparison with Key Transversal Skills**

The feedback ruler is designed to enhance various transversal skills for both Students (S) and Teachers (T).

### Illustration

#### **Self-awareness**

Understanding own strengths, progress, and challenges

### **Collaboration and communication**

- Facilitating teacher-student and peer-to-peer interactions
- Promoting guided feedback for effective communication

#### **Details**

### **Collaboration**

#### Self-awareness:

- Judging the quality and relevance of one's actions (S)
- Exploiting one's strengths and overcome limitations (S)ses forces et surmonter ses limites (E)

### Communication

Language codification:

 Choosing and adapting relevant language(s) considering intention, context, and recipients (S and T)

### **Learning Strategies**

Task management:

- Analysing the situation (T)
- Setting an objective and means to achieve it (S)
- Anticipating the approach (T)
- Learning from mistakes (S)
- Reviewing steps taken (T)

Acquisition of work methods:

- Distinguishing between what is known and what remains to be discovered (T)
- Identifying elements of success (S and T)
- Developing autonomy (S)

Choice and relevance of method:

- Choosing the appropriate method from available options (S and T)
- Analysing completed work by reformulating steps and strategies implemented (T)
- Practicing self-evaluation (S)

### **Creative Thinking**

Awarness of own's emotional aspect:

• Identifying and expressing emotions (S and T), (step 6)

### **Reflective Approach:**

Perspective taking:

- Distanceing oneself, decentering from one's own actions (S)
- Comparing different possible or existing opinions and viewpoints (S)

### **Tool Evaluation**

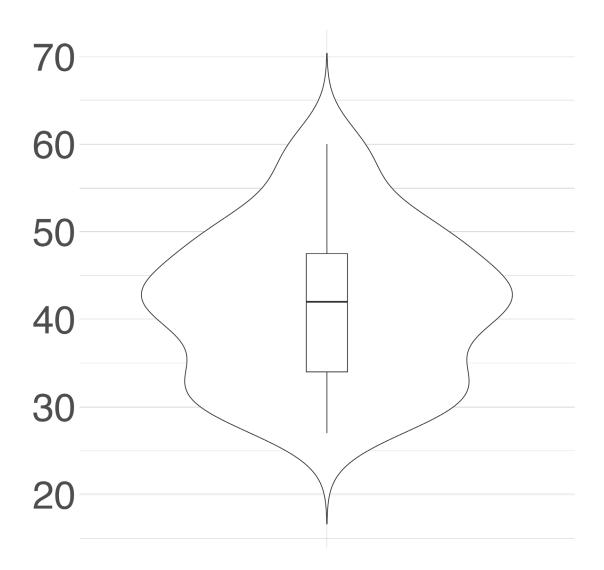
### **Sample**

59 (out of 67) special education teachers

27-60 years old (M = 41.61, Mdn = 42.00)

Population sensitive to transversal skills

Frequent individual interactions



## **Exploratory Method**

Online questionnaire with closed-ended questions

- I think this feedback tool can be interesting for my practice (yes / no)
- I think if I had this tool (or model) I would use it for my professional practice. (0: never, 100: often)
- I find the example phrases relevant to my practice (do you agree to... how do you plan to proceed... etc.) (0: not at all, 100: totally)

## **Exploratory Method**

Grouping into 8 criteria via 16 items

Global Interest in the Tool Show Hide

I think this feedback tool could be interesting for my practice.

I think if I had this tool (or this model) I would use it for my professional practice. (0: never, 100: often)

Practical Aspect Show Hide

The "practical" side (a concrete tool to optimize my practice)

I appreciate the "practical" side (a concrete tool to optimize my practice) (0: not at all, 100: totally)

Theoretical Model Show Hide

The research-based theoretical model

I appreciate the fact that there is a research-based theoretical model (0: not at all, 100: totally)

Applicability in Class/Office Show Hide

The fact that this model is (or would be) embedded on an object I use in class / at the office

I appreciate the fact that this model is (or would be) embedded on an object I use in class / at the office (0: not at all, 100: totally)

Guidance through Examples Show Hide

The small "example" sentences to guide the practice

I appreciate the small "example" sentences to guide the practice (0: not at all, 100: totally)

I find the small example sentences relevant to my practice (do you agree to... how do you plan to... etc.) (0: not at all, 100: totally)

Feedback Optimisation Show Hide

The possibility to optimise feedback in my class / within my team (cadence, relevance, ...)

I appreciate the possibility to optimise feedback in my class / at work (cadence, relevance, ...) (0: not at all, 100: totally)

Relationship with Students/Colleagues Show Hide

The possibility to optimise my relationship with my students / my collaborators / colleagues

I appreciate the possibility to optimise my relationship with students / colleagues (0: not at all, 100: totally)

**Training Show Hide** 

I would like training on feedback

### **Results and Discussion**

### **Main Results**

- 100% of teachers working with SEND students think the tool can be interesting for their practice (better than other professionals)
- Design perceived as effective in guiding use
- Theoretical grounding: least important criterion

## **Results and Discussion**

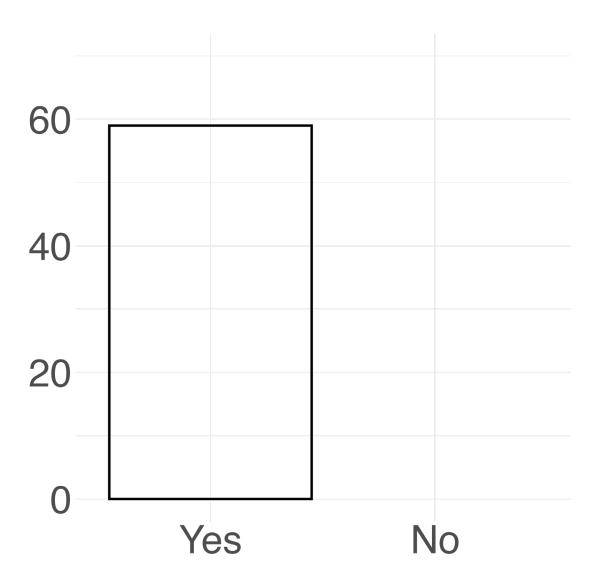
## Ranking

Table 1: Interest index (score from 0 to 5 according to ranking)

Theoretical model	Relationship with students/colleagues	Feedback optimization	Guidance by examples	Applicability in class/office	Practical aspect
106	122	135	144	151	227

# **Results by Theme**

## **Global Interest in the Tool**



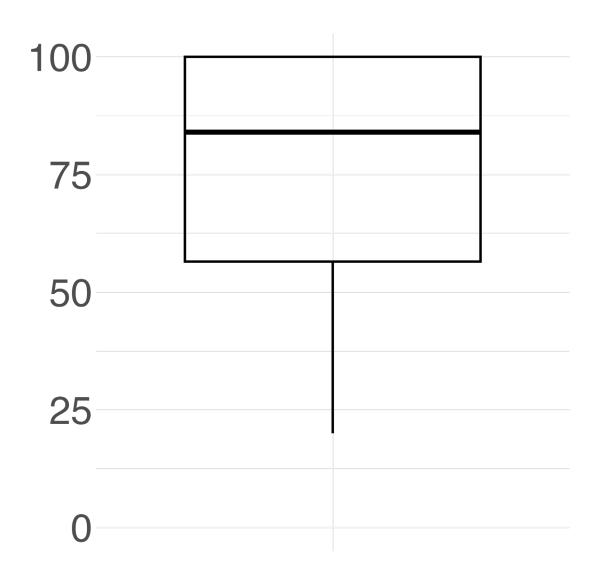
## **Global Interest in the Tool**

100		
75		
50		
25		
0		

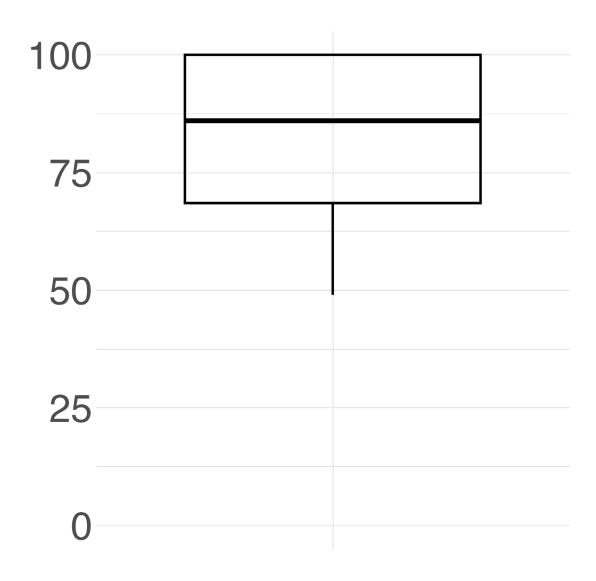
## **Practical Aspect**

100		
75		
50		
25		
0		

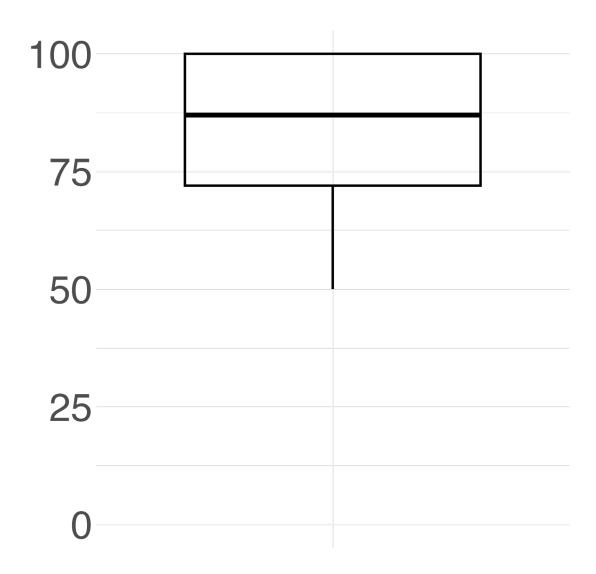
## **Theoretical Model**



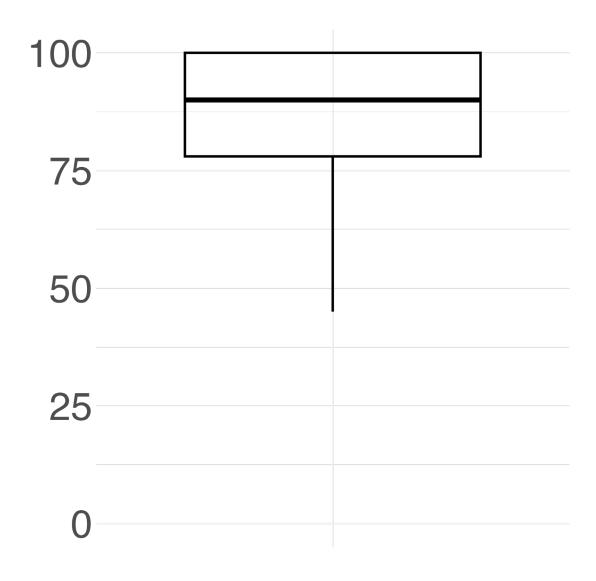
# **Applicability in Class/Office**



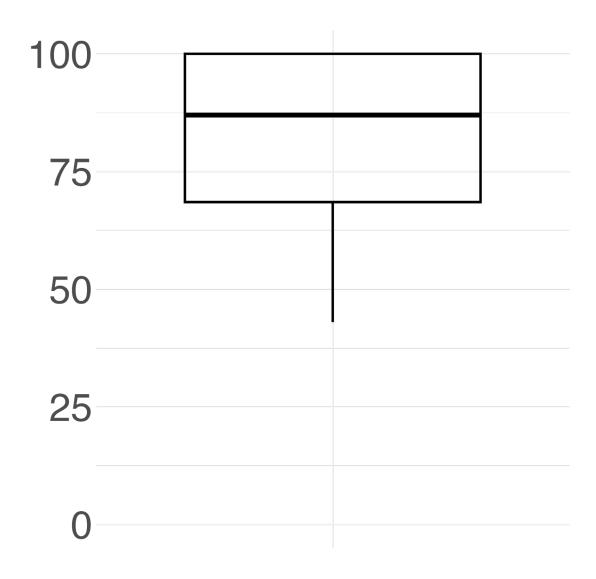
# **Guidance through Examples**



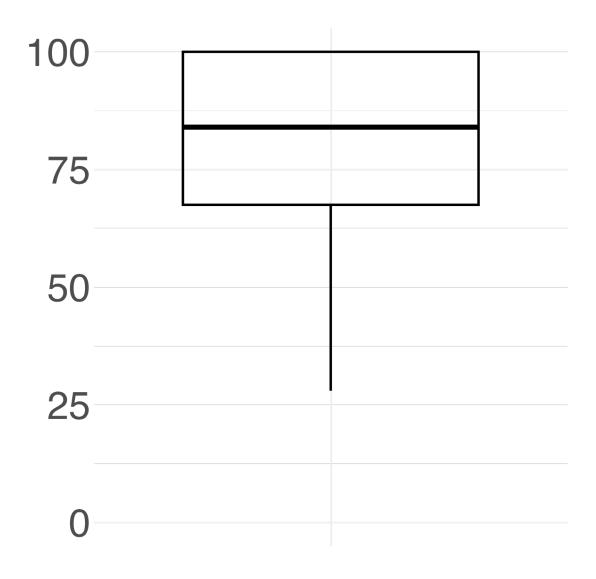
# **Guidance through Examples**



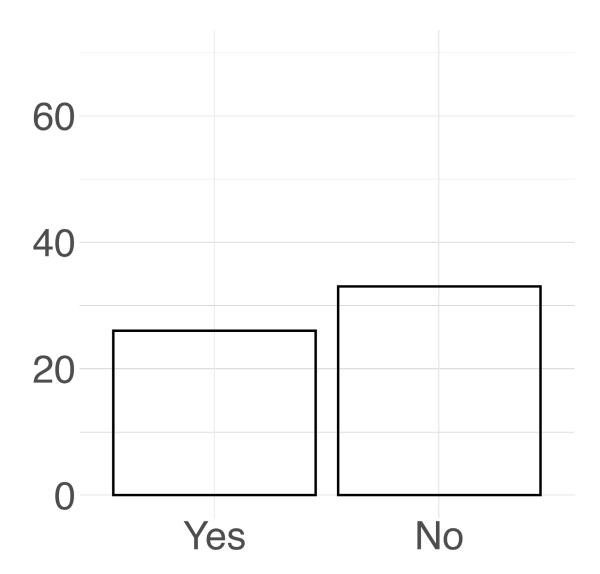
# **Feedback Optimization**



# **Relationship with Students/Colleagues**



## **Training**



## **Discussion**

- Audience particularly demanding and liking practical tools
- Feeling of usefulness VS effectiveness
- Perception of the theoretical grounding
- Training

## **Conclusion**

# **Summary**

• The Feedback Rule is well-perceived

- Potential to work on transversal skills through the tool (guidance in relationship and communication, self-awareness)
- Particularly for the population of SEND students

#### Limitations

- Motivation of surveyed individuals (bias)
- Exploration on tool feasibility only (not effectiveness)

### **Perspectives**

- Study the tool's impact on different categories of transversal skills
- Implement and evaluate the tool on a larger scale
- The tool depends on the user (training)

### **Main References**

Conférence Intercantonale de l'Instruction Publique de la Suisse Romande et du Tessin. (2024). *Plan d'études Romand Scolarité Obligatoire (PER)*. CIIP. https://www.ciip.ch/Plansdetudes-romands/Plan-detudes-romand-scolarite-obligatoire-PER/Plan-detudes-romand-PER

Deci, E. L., & Ryan, R. M. (2012). Self-Determination Theory. In P. Van Lange, A. Kruglanski, & E. Higgins, *Handbook of Theories of Social Psychology: Volume 1* (p. 416-437). SAGE Publications Ltd. https://doi.org/10.4135/9781446249215.n21

Durlak, J. A., Mahoney, J. L., & Boyle, A. E. (2022). What We Know, and What We Need to Find out about Universal, School-Based Social and Emotional Learning Programs for Children and Adolescents: A Review of Meta-Analyses and Directions for Future Research. *Psychological Bulletin*, 148(11-12), 765-782. https://doi.org/10.1037/bul0000383

Lucciarini, E. (2020). *Feedback, Positive Psychology and Education: A Literature Review.* [Unpublished Master Thesis]. Anglia Ruskin University.

Lucciarini, E., Bressoud, N., & Gay, P. (2022, novembre 11). *Using Feedback to Enhance Both Academic Skills and Explicit Wellbeing Skills in Schools: Presentation of a Novel Evidence-Based Tool.* [Open paper presentation]. 23rd Annual Meeting of the Association for Educational Assessment – Europe, Dublin.

Luis, É., & Lamboy, B. (2015). Les Compétences Psychosociales : Définition et État Des Connaissances. *La santé en action*, *431*.

Wisniewski, B., Zierer, K., & Hattie, J. (2020). The Power of Feedback Revisited: A Meta-Analysis of Educational Feedback Research. *Frontiers in Psychology*, *10*, 3087. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2019.03087